**Tkinter Features And widgets**

Tkinter adds object oriented features to Tk. We use the Tk widgets to apply an operation to a widget identifier as Tkinter refers widgets as objects and you can drive the functions of the widgets using object methods and their attributes.

**Tkinter Major widgets**

These are some of the major Tkinter widgets which you will use frequently.

1. Button
2. Canvas
3. Check Button
4. Frame
5. Label
6. Listbox
7. Menu
8. Message
9. Scale
10. Text
11. Entry
12. Scroll Bar

**Tkinter GUI Example**

from tkinter import mainloop, Label

myLabel = Label(text="Hello World!!\n My first GUI Application.", font=("Arial, 24"), height=10, bg = '#4e148c').pack()

# call the mainloop

mainloop()

### Code Explanation

* Firstly we will import all the required components from the Tkinter module using the statement

from tkinter import Label, mainloop

* We created a Label containing text and use the pack geometry manager to realize the widget using the statement.

myLabel = Label(text="Hello World!!\n My first GUI Application.", font=("Arial, 24"), height=10, bg = '#4e148c').pack()

* Finally we call the Tkinter mainloop to process events and keep the display activate. We need main loop to keep the program to keep being displayed

mainloop()

Tkinter Programming

Tkinter is the standard GUI library for Python. Python when combined with Tkinter provides a fast and easy way to create GUI applications. Tkinter provides a powerful object-oriented interface to the Tk GUI toolkit.

Creating a GUI application using Tkinter is an easy task. All you need to do is perform the following steps −

* Import the *Tkinter* module.
* Create the GUI application main window.
* Add one or more of the above-mentioned widgets to the GUI application.
* Enter the main event loop to take action against each event triggered by the user.

Example

#!/usr/bin/python

import Tkinter

top = Tkinter.Tk()

# Code to add widgets will go here...

top.mainloop()

This would create a following window



Tkinter Widgets

Tkinter provides various controls, such as buttons, labels and text boxes used in a GUI application. These controls are commonly called widgets.

There are currently 15 types of widgets in Tkinter. We present these widgets in the following table

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Sr.No.** | **Operator & Description** |
| 1 | [**Button**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_button.htm)  The Button widget is used to display buttons in your application. |
| 2 | [**Canvas**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_canvas.htm)  The Canvas widget is used to draw shapes, such as lines, ovals, polygons and rectangles, in your application. |
| 3 | [**Checkbutton**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_checkbutton.htm)  The Checkbutton widget is used to display a number of options as checkboxes. The user can select multiple options at a time. |
| 4 | [**Entry**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_entry.htm)  The Entry widget is used to display a single-line text field for accepting values from a user. |
| 5 | [**Frame**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_frame.htm)  The Frame widget is used as a container widget to organize other widgets. |
| 6 | [**Label**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_label.htm)  The Label widget is used to provide a single-line caption for other widgets. It can also contain images. |
| 7 | [**Listbox**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_listbox.htm)  The Listbox widget is used to provide a list of options to a user. |
| 8 | [**Menubutton**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_menubutton.htm)  The Menubutton widget is used to display menus in your application. |
| 9 | [**Menu**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_menu.htm)  The Menu widget is used to provide various commands to a user. These commands are contained inside Menubutton. |
| 10 | [**Message**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_message.htm)  The Message widget is used to display multiline text fields for accepting values from a user. |
| 11 | [**Radiobutton**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_radiobutton.htm)  The Radiobutton widget is used to display a number of options as radio buttons. The user can select only one option at a time. |
| 12 | [**Scale**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_scale.htm)  The Scale widget is used to provide a slider widget. |
| 13 | [**Scrollbar**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_scrollbar.htm)  The Scrollbar widget is used to add scrolling capability to various widgets, such as list boxes. |
| 14 | [**Text**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_text.htm)  The Text widget is used to display text in multiple lines. |
| 15 | [**Toplevel**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_toplevel.htm)  The Toplevel widget is used to provide a separate window container. |
| 16 | [**Spinbox**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_spinbox.htm)  The Spinbox widget is a variant of the standard Tkinter Entry widget, which can be used to select from a fixed number of values. |
| 17 | [**PanedWindow**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_panedwindow.htm)  A PanedWindow is a container widget that may contain any number of panes, arranged horizontally or vertically. |
| 18 | [**LabelFrame**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_labelframe.htm)  A labelframe is a simple container widget. Its primary purpose is to act as a spacer or container for complex window layouts. |
| 19 | [**tkMessageBox**](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/tk_messagebox.htm)  This module is used to display message boxes in your applications. |